

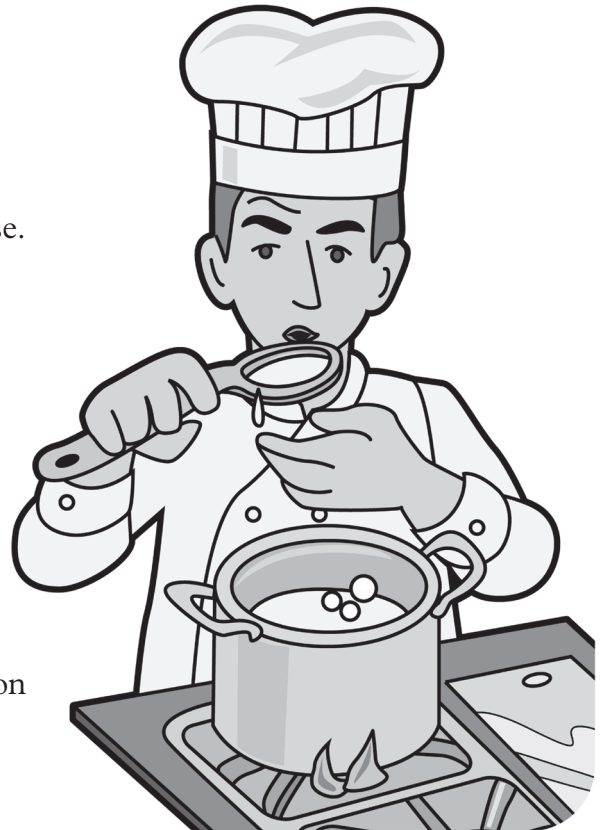
- A. Read each of the following categories. Write down the words related to each that immediately come into your mind. *Answers will vary.*

Fashion	
Clothes	
Memory	
Energy	
Technology	

- B. Complete the sentences with the infinitive or the *-ing* form of the verbs in the box. Both forms can be used in some sentences.

call mail put rain read sing tell work

- It started raining / to rain just as we got to the lake!
- The choir began singing / to sing after the wedding ceremony.
- He continued working / to work in spite of the noise.
- Please remember to mail the letters on your way to work.
- Look! The hotel has a pool. I don't remember reading that in the brochure.
- The soup doesn't have much taste. Try putting in more salt.
- I started telling / to tell you about my vacation and then we were interrupted.
- They forgot calling / to call their grandmother on her birthday.



Review 3

C. Complete the sentences using the present perfect simple or the present perfect progressive. Use the verbs in parentheses.



has been

1. Luke selling fruit juices all day.
He has sold (sell) one hundred cups.



has been

5. Mrs. Roberts cleaning sixteen rooms in the hotel. She has cleaned rooms since six-thirty. (clean)



has been

2. The baby sleeping since seven o'clock. It is now eleven o'clock. He has slept for four hours. (sleep)



has been

6. The actress learning her lines all week. She now has learnt the script for the play. (learn)



has been

3. Tim swimming many lengths of the pool. He has swum for two hours. (swim)



has

7. Becky phoned fifteen clients. She has been phoning clients since she arrived in the office. (phone)



has been

4. Bill repairing electrical equipment in our house. He has repaired the television and the radio. However, he hasn't repaired the microwave oven yet. (repair)



have

8. You drunk over five cups of coffee! You have been drinking nonstop since I arrived. (drink)

D. Complete the sentences using *either . . . or* or *neither . . . nor*.

1. You can have either tea or coffee. I have both.
2. Neither Trixie nor Max digs in the yard. It must have been the neighbors' dog.
3. Neither Miles nor John can drive, so they take taxis everywhere.
4. We can go either to Paris or to London on vacation. It's your choice!
5. Either you eat your dinner, or you won't have any ice cream.

E. Underline the verbs in the future. Write the form of each: future progressive, future perfect, or future perfect (passive).

1. By tomorrow, all the tickets will have been sold. future perfect (passive)
2. Sonia and Mike will be lending us the money. future progressive
3. Hurry up! The library will have closed in half an hour. future perfect
4. Very soon everyone will have finished the job. future perfect
5. Sorry, but your car won't have been fixed by next week. future perfect (passive)
6. Abby won't be coming to the party. future progressive

F. Complete the sentences with an appropriate future verb form: progressive, future perfect, or future perfect (passive)

1. Don't try calling Ryan. He will have left (leave) his house by now.
2. We will have started (start) school by this time next week.
3. The clown is giving balloons to the children. By the end of the party, all the balloons will have been given (give) away.
4. Most people will be driving (drive) electric cars in the near future.
5. Be good while I am away. Remember, I will be thinking (think) of you.
6. Ask your dad to pick us up at twelve. The party will have ended (end) by then.
7. By the end of the year, the new hospital building will have been completed (complete).
8. My brother will be traveling (travel) through California next week.

G. Answer these questions about yourself. *Answers will vary.*

1. What will you be doing on the weekend?

2. What will have changed in your country by the year 2030?

3. How will your friends have changed by the year 2030?

4. What do you think you'll be doing a year from now? How about in three years?

5. Write three things you think you will have done in the next ten years.

H. Vocabulary Builder

Match the two words or word parts that go together.

- | | | |
|----------|-------|--------------|
| 1. high | ----- | a. night |
| 2. age | ----- | b. priced |
| 3. under | ----- | c. war |
| 4. mid | ----- | d. less |
| 5. anti | ----- | e. limit |
| 6. infra | ----- | f. ground |
| 7. web | ----- | g. structure |
| 8. wire | ----- | h. site |



I. Write definitions for the words with word parts. Use a dictionary for help. *Answers will vary.*

1. high: high rise high class

2. anti: antihunger antispam

3. multi: multiscreen multicolored

4. mass: mass communication mass market

